## IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF FEDERAL CLAIMS OFFICE OF SPECIAL MASTERS

No. 13-0046V Filed: March 14, 2014 (Not to be published)

FRED DAMASKE, Petitioner, Stipulation; Flu; Bell's Palsy V. SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, Respondent.

Jerome A. Konkel, Esq., Samster, Konkel & Safran, S.C., Milwaukee, WI for petitioner. Jennifer Leigh Revnaud, Esg., US Dept. of Justice, Washington, DC for respondent.

# DECISION ON JOINT STIPULATION<sup>1</sup>

## Gowen, Special Master:

Fred Damaske ["petitioner"] filed a petition for compensation under the National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program<sup>2</sup> on January 18, 2013. Petitioner alleges that he sustained a vaccine-related injury diagnosed as Bell's palsy that was caused in fact by a flu vaccination he received on January 22, 2010. See Stipulation, filed Mar. 13, 2014, at ¶¶ 2, 4. Further, petitioner alleges that he experienced residual effects of his injury for more than six months. Id. Respondent denies that petitioner's alleged Bell's palsy and residual effects were caused-in-fact by the flu vaccine and further denies that the flu vaccine caused petitioner any other injury or his current condition. Stipulation at ¶ 6.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Because this unpublished decision contains a reasoned explanation for the action in this case, I intend to post this decision on the United States Court of Federal Claims' website, in accordance with the E-Government Act of 2002, Pub. L. No. 107-347, § 205, 116 Stat. 2899, 2913 (codified as amended at 44 U.S.C. § 3501 note (2006)). In accordance with Vaccine Rule 18(b), a party has 14 days to identify and move to delete medical or other information, that satisfies the criteria in 42 U.S.C. § 300aa-12(d)(4)(B). Further, consistent with the rule requirement, a motion for redaction must include a proposed redacted decision. If, upon review, I agree that the identified material fits within the requirements of that provision, I will delete such material from public access.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, Pub. L. No. 99-660, 100 Stat. 3755. Hereinafter, for ease of citation, all "\$" references to the Vaccine Act will be to the pertinent subparagraph of 42 U.S.C. \$ 300aa (2006).

Nevertheless, the parties have agreed to settle the case. On March 13, 2014, the parties filed a joint stipulation agreeing to settle this case and describing the settlement terms.

Respondent agrees to pay petitioner:

a. A lump sum of \$25,000.00 in the form of a check payable to petitioner, Fred Damaske. This amount represents compensation for all damages that would be available under § 300aa-15(a).

The special master adopts the parties' stipulation attached hereto, and awards compensation in the amount and on the terms set forth therein. The clerk of the court is directed to enter judgment in accordance with this decision.<sup>3</sup>

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/ Thomas L. Gowen
Thomas L. Gowen
Special Master

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Pursuant to Vaccine Rule 11(a), entry of judgment can be expedited by each party filing a notice renouncing the right to seek review.

### IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF FEDERAL CLAIMS OFFICE OF SPECIAL MASTERS

FRED DAMASKE.

٧.

Petitioner,

SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND

HUMAN SERVICES,

Respondent.

No. 13-046V Chief Special Master Vowell ECF

### **STIPULATION**

The parties hereby stipulate to the following matters:

- 1. Fred Damaske ("petitioner"), filed a petition for vaccine compensation under the National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program, 42 U.S.C. § 300aa-10 to 34 (the "Vaccine Program"). The petition seeks compensation for injuries allegedly related to petitioner's receipt of the influenza ("flu") vaccine, which vaccine is contained in the Vaccine Injury Table (the "Table"), 42 C.F.R. § 100.3 (a).
  - 2. Petitioner received his flu immunization on January 22, 2010.
  - 3. The vaccine was administered within the United States.
- 4. Petitioner alleges that he sustained a vaccine-related injury diagnosed as Bell's palsy that was caused-in-fact by the flu vaccine. He further alleges that he experienced the residual effects of his injuries for more than six months.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Petitioner also received a monovalent H1N1 vaccination on January 22, 2010, which vaccine is not contained in the Table. The monovalent H1N1 vaccine is covered under the Countermeasures Injury Compensation Program ("CICP") See 42 U.S.C. 247d-6e; 77 Fed, Reg, 13329 (March 6, 2012).

- 5. Petitioner represents that there has been no prior award or settlement of a civil action for damages as a result of his condition.
- 6. Respondent denies that petitioner's alleged Bell's palsy and residual effects were caused-in-fact by the flu vaccine. Respondent further denies that the flu vaccine caused petitioner any other injury or his current condition.
- 7. Maintaining their above-stated positions, the parties nevertheless now agree that the issues between them shall be settled and that a decision should be entered awarding the compensation described in paragraph 8 of this Stipulation.
- 8. As soon as practicable after an entry of judgment reflecting a decision consistent with the terms of this Stipulation, and after petitioner has filed an election to receive compensation pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 300aa-21(a)(1), the Secretary of Health and Human Services will issue the following vaccine compensation payment:

A lump sum of \$25,000.00 in the form of a check payable to petitioner. This amount represents compensation for all damages that would be available under 42 U.S.C. § 300aa-15(a).

- 9. As soon as practicable after the entry of judgment on entitlement in this case, and after petitioner has filed both a proper and timely election to receive compensation pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 300aa-21(a)(1), and an application, the parties will submit to further proceedings before the special master to award reasonable attorneys' fees and costs incurred in proceeding upon this petition.
- 10. Petitioner and his attorney represent that compensation to be provided pursuant to this Stipulation is not for any items or services for which the Program is not primarily liable under 42 U.S.C. § 300aa-15(g), to the extent that payment has been made or can reasonably be expected to

be made under any State compensation programs, insurance policies, Federal or State health benefits programs (other than Title XIX of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. § 1396 et seq.)), or by entities that provide health services on a pre-paid basis.

- 11. Payments made pursuant to paragraphs 8 and 9 of this Stipulation will be made in accordance with 42 U.S.C. § 300aa-15(i), subject to the availability of sufficient statutory funds.
- 12. The parties and their attorneys further agree and stipulate that, except for any award for attorneys' fees, litigation costs, and past unreimbursable expenses, the money provided pursuant to this Stipulation, will be used solely for the benefit of petitioner as contemplated by a strict construction of 42 U.S.C. § 300aa-15(a) and (d), and subject to the conditions of 42 U.S.C. § 300aa-15(g) and (h).
- 13. In return for the payments described in paragraphs 8 and 9, petitioner, in his individual capacity and on behalf of his heirs, executors, administrators, successors or assigns, --
- (a) does forever irrevocably and unconditionally release, acquit and discharge the United States and the Secretary of Health and Human Services from any and all actions or causes of action (including agreements, judgments, claims, damages, loss of services, expenses and all demands of whatever kind or nature) that have been brought, could have been brought, or could be timely brought in the Court of Federal Claims, under the National Vaccine Injury Compensation

  Program, 42 U.S.C. § 300 aa-10 et seq., on account of, or in any way growing out of, any and all known or unknown, suspected or unsuspected personal injuries to or death of petitioner resulting from, or alleged to have resulted from, the flu vaccination administered on January 22, 2010, as alleged by petitioners in a petition for vaccine compensation filed on or about January 18, 2013, in the United States Court of Federal Claims as petition No. 13-046V; and

- (b) waives any and all rights to any compensation that may be available under the Countermeasures Injury Compensation Program, 42 U.S.C. § 247d-6e (or an action under 42 U.S.C. § 2476d(d)), for a claim alleging that a covered countermeasure, on its own or in combination with the flu vaccination administered on January 22, 2010, caused the same injuries that were the subject of the petition for vaccine compensation filed on or about January 18, 2013, in the United States Court of Federal Claims as petition No. 13-046V, specifically Bell's Palsy, for which petitioner will receive compensation pursuant to this stipulation.
- 14. If petitioner should die prior to entry of judgment, this agreement shall be voidable upon proper notice to the Court on behalf of either or both of the parties.
- 15. If the special master fails to issue a decision in complete conformity with the terms of this Stipulation or if the Court of Federal Claims fails to enter judgment in conformity with a decision that is in complete conformity with the terms of this Stipulation, then the parties' settlement and this Stipulation shall be voidable at the sole discretion of either party.
- 16. This Stipulation expresses a full and complete negotiated settlement of liability and damages claimed under the National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, as amended, except as otherwise noted in paragraph 9 above. There is absolutely no agreement on the part of the parties hereto to make any payment or to do any act or thing other than is herein expressly stated and clearly agreed to. The parties further agree and understand that the award described in this Stipulation may reflect a compromise of the parties' respective positions as to liability and/or amount of damages, and further, that a change in the nature of the injury or condition or in the items of compensation sought, is not grounds to modify or revise this agreement.

- 17. This Stipulation shall not be construed as an admission by the United States or the Secretary of Health and Human Services that the flu vaccine caused petitioner to suffer Bell's palsy or any other injuries.
- 18. All rights and obligations of petitioner hereunder shall apply equally to petitioner's heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and/or assigns.

END OF STIPULATION

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Respectfully submitted,

PETITIONER:

FRED DAMASKE

ATTORNEY OF RECORD FOR PETITIONER:

amarko

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AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE SECREPARY OF HEALTH

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VITO CASERTA M.D.

Acting Director, Division of

Vaccine Injury Compensation (DVIC)

Director, Countermeasures Injury Compensation

Con

Program (CICP)

Healthcare Systems Bureau

U.S. Department of Health

and Human Services

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Dated: March 13, 2014

AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL;

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